

eastern mud turtle

Kinosternon subrubrum

Kingdom: Animalia

Division/Phylum: Chordata - vertebrates

Class: Reptilia
Order: Testudines
Family: Kinosternidae

FEATURES

The eastern mud turtle averages about three to four inches in length. Its carapace (upper shell) is smooth and some shade of brown. The plastron (lower shell) is double-hinged. A broad bridge connects the upper and lower shells. The head is spotted, mottled or streaked with yellow. This animal has barbels (whisker-like projections) on its chin and neck.

BEHAVIORS

The eastern mud turtle lives in shallow water with a soft bottom such as in marshes, ditches, swamps and sloughs. This turtle is aquatic but often leaves the water. Mating occurs in spring. The female deposits one to six eggs in a nest dug in soil or vegetation in spring or early summer. This animal feeds while walking along the bottom of ponds and sloughs, eating mostly insects.

HABITATS

bottomland forests	rivers & streams
lakes, ponds & reservoirs	
Lake Michigan marshes	temp water supplie wet prairies & fens
peatlands	·

ILLINOIS STATUS

common	endangered	Threatened
native	exotic	

ILLINOIS RANGE

southern 1/3

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 2006. Biodiversity of Illinois, Volume I: Aquatic Habitats CD-ROM.